# Pearls of Algorithms 

Winter 2014/15

## Exercise sheet 2.1

## Exercise 1 Voronoi region complexity

Show that for all $n>3$, there exists a set of $n$ points in the plane, such that one Voronoi region has got $n-1$ vertices on its boundary.

## Exercise $2 \quad L_{1}$ bisector example

Choose two points $p$ and $q$ in the plane, such that the line through them is not parallel to the $x$ - or $y$-axis. Then draw the bisector of $p$ and $q$ in the $L_{1}$-norm

$$
\|p-q\|_{1}=\left|p_{x}-q_{x}\right|+\left|p_{y}-q_{y}\right|
$$

## Exercise 3 Nearest Neighbour

Let $S \subset \mathbb{R}^{2}$ be a finite set of points and let $p \in S$. Of how many points $q \in S \backslash\{p\}$ may $p$ be a nearest neighbour?

## Exercise 4 Closest Pair

Let $n$ points be given in the plane. Describe how to compute the distance of a closed pair in time $O(n \log n)$ using a Divide and Conquer-algorithm. Explain the correctness and running time.

